6467. Misbranding of mineral water. U. S. \* \* \* v. 25 Crates \* \* \* of Mineral Water. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product ordered released on bond. (F. & D. No. 8751. I. S. No. 8760-p. S. No. C-805.)

On January 31, 1918, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Louisiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel for the seizure and condemnation of 25 crates, each containing one 5-gallon bottle of mineral water, remaining unsold in the original unbroken packages at New Orleans, La., alleging that the article had been shipped on December 7, 1917, by C. L. Bradley, Pocahontas, Miss., and transported from the State of Mississippi into the State of Louisiana, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, as amended.

Misbranding of the article was alleged in the libel for the reason that the statement on the labels of the bottles, to wit, "Robinson Spring Water \* \* Recommended in the Treatment of Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Cystitis, Gout, Rheumatism, Indigestion, Kidney and Bladder Troubles," regarding the curative and therapeutic effect of the drug, was false and fraudulent in that the article contained no ingredients nor combination of ingredients capable of producing the curative and therapeutic effects claimed in said statement.

On February 8, 1918, I. L. Lyons & Co. (Ltd.), New Orleans, La., claimant, having consented to a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product should be released to said claimant upon the payment of the costs of the proceedings and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$150, in conformity with section 10 of the act.

J. R. Riggs, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

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